FUTURE PLAN

1. FUTURE RESEARCH AREA Development of biotic and abiotic stress tolerant varieties of crop plants for anticipated climate changes. Conservation of genetic resources through the use of modern tools of biotechnology like DNA and gene libraries. Biochemical basis of tissue culture response in recalcitrance crops in which

4. Enhancing shelf-life and improving demand-driven commodity traits (colour, size, and aroma) of the perishable commodities through biotechnological

approaches.

1.

2.

3.

5. Research in protein engineering to generate novel useful products.

tissue culture propagation is difficult.

6. Research in biofortification of important cereals, vegetables and fruits.

7. Research in nutragenomics, metabolomics, ionomics and metagenomics.

8. Identification of useful molecular markers for specific traits in different crops.

9. Transcriptomic analysis for different traits in cereal and horticultural crops.

2. THRUST AREA FOR POST GRADUATE SEMINAR

- 1. Molecular intervention for stress (Biotic & Abiotic) tolerance in important crops (viz. rice, pigeonpea, chickpea etc.)
- 2. Biotechnological approaches to improve the quality of plants (viz. protein content, iron content, oil quality, etc.)
- 3. Hormonal effects on plant physiology, micro-propagation practice and tolerance to biotic and abiotic stress.
- 4. Influence of recent technical innovation on agricultural biotechnology (viz. RNAi, Nanotechnology, Metabolic engineering, Bio-informatics).
- 5. Molecular and biochemical advances for improving post harvest quality of important horticulture and floriculture crops.

	3.	RESEARCH AREA FOR THE POST GRADUATE STUDENTS
1.		Development of EST-SSRs in important crop species.
2.		Molecular and biochemical intervention to improve the shelf life of important horticultural crops.
		nor neurur ar crops.
3.		Identification of drought responsive transcripts and proteins in rice.
4.		Marker assisted breeding for major genes as well as QTLs in rice and other
		crops.
5.		Nanotechnological applications for increased crop productivity.
6.		Bioremediation and environmental biotechnology.
7.		Exploring effective and cheaper way to remove lignin from the plant biomass
		by use of biotechnology.
8.		Development of low cost micro-propagation protocol for high value
		horticulture and floriculture plants.